

## Module catalogue – Forestry System Transformation (M.Sc.)

*effective from winter term 2020/21*

<b>Module</b>	<b>Rethinking Environmental Economics I</b>	<b>M.01.0400</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>1</b>	
<b>Module coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann</b>	<b>Carsten.Mann@hnee.de</b>
<b>Status</b>	<b>Mandatory</b>	
<b>Goal</b>	<b>Students learn the basic economic concepts and underlying market rationales that are relevant for natural resources use and management. As an important part, they understand the dynamics of market systems and get to know the different reasons for market failures. This enables them to reflect on the development of market-based solutions for sustainable resource uses, and to distinguish solutions that range from new markets and incentive-based policy instruments to concepts that better link economic and ecological systems and processes.</b>	
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Oral exam (100%) (single exam)</b>	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>6</b>	
<b>SWH</b>	<b>4</b>	
<b>Module component</b>	<b>Introduction to resource uses and economic concepts</b>	<b>K.01.0500</b>
<b>Coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann</b>	
<b>Lecturer</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann</b>	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>3</b>	
<b>SWH</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>workload: 75h / semester</b>
<b>Max. study places</b>	<b>25</b>	
<b>Teaching form</b>	<b>Lecture (10h), Seminar (12h), Practical exercise (18h), Self-study (35h)</b>	<b>Module type</b>
<b>Language</b>	<b>English</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous <input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blocked
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Oral exam (50%) (part of exam)</b>	
<b>Entry requirements</b>		
<b>Goal</b>	<b>Students have a solid understanding of concepts and methods of environmental, ecological and natural resource economics. They are familiar with the dynamics of economic systems, functioning of markets, reasons for market failures and potential solutions. They are able to discuss the relevancy of these concepts for sustainable forest management and to optimise the use of forest resources, being aware of their respective chances and limitations.</b>	
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Introduction to neoclassical, environmental, and resource economics, their theoretical assumptions and fields of application, including the allocation of resources, the concept of perfect markets, dynamics of economic systems, growth orientation;</li> <li>- Critically assessing the validity and limitations of the above economic theories, models and methodologies when dealing with different environmental problems;</li> <li>- Deeping concepts of market failures for dealing with public goods/common-pool resources, externalities, the tragedy of the commons, and collective action;</li> <li>- Elaboration of environmental economic solutions to market failures such as state interventions and private markets;</li> <li>- Introduction to the foundation of ecological economics; underlying rationales and principles;</li> </ul>	

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Illustration of major environmental problems and economic trends based on case study examples with a focus on sustainable forest management and governance;</li> <li>- Role game for negotiating tradeoffs and solutions.</li> </ul>		
Recommended related elective modules			
Competences	Technical competence (50%), Methodological competence (30%), Social competence (10%), Personal competence (10%)		
Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bromley, D. W. (1991). Environment and Economy, Property Rights and Public Policy; Blackwell: Cambridge, MA, USA; Oxford, UK.</li> <li>• Daly, H.E., Farley, J., 2011. Ecological Economics: Principles and Applications, 2nd ed. Island Press, Washington, DC. Chapter 10: Market Failures (pp. 165-191).</li> <li>• Ehrlich, P.R., Ehrlich, A.H., Holdren, J.P., 1993 [1977]. Availability, Entropy, and the Laws of Thermodynamics, Chapter 2 in H. E. Daly and K. N. Townsend (Eds.) Valuing the earth : economics, ecology, ethics. MIT Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts, pp. 69-73.</li> <li>• Gowdy, J.M., 2000. Terms and concepts in ecological economics. Wildlife Society Bulletin. 28 (1), 26-33.</li> <li>• Jollands, N., 2006. Concepts of efficiency in ecological economics: Sisyphus and the decision maker. Ecological economics. 56 (3), 359-372.</li> <li>• Røpke, I., 2004. The early history of modern ecological economics. Ecological Economics. 50 (3–4), 293-314.</li> <li>• Spash, C.L., 2011. Social ecological economics: Understanding the past to see the future. The American Journal of Economics and Sociology. 70 (2), 340-375.</li> <li>• Vatn, A., 2014. Markets in environmental governance — From theory to practice. Ecological Economics 105: 97–105.</li> <li>• Wunder, S. 2015. Revisiting the concept of payments for environmental services. Ecological Economics doi:10.1016/j.ecolecon.2014.08.016.</li> </ul>		
Module component	Human wellbeing, ecosystem Functions, services and valuation approaches		K.01.0501
Coordinator	Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann		
Lecturer	Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann		
ECTS-Credits	3		
SWH	2		workload: 75h / semester
Max. study places	25		
Teaching form	Lecture (10h), Seminar (10h), Practical exercise (20h), Self-study (35h)		Module type
Language	English	continuous	partly blocked    x    blocked
Examination form	Oral exam (50%) (part of exam)		
Entry requirements			
Goal	Students are enabled to understanding the ecosystem services (ES) concept, its rationales, and current state of its uptake in scientific research and policy mainstream. They are familiar with definitions, typologies, and frameworks that link ES to wellbeing, and recent socio-political and scientific debates for mapping, indicators & valuation. Based on case study examples, students are enabled to analyse chances and challenges of the ES concept and distinct valuation approaches for political and economic decision-making, know about the challenges to communicate to the science-policy/practice interface, and develop strategies for overcoming them.		
Content	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Understanding of the range of ecosystem functions, services, benefits, and need for trade-offs;</li> </ul>		

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Knowledge of the ecosystem service concept, its history, drivers and discourses;</li> <li>- Distinguishing different kinds of ES costs and values;</li> <li>- Introduction to different kinds of valuation methods and their scope of application;</li> <li>- Deepening debate on valuation and alternative approaches (multi-criteria/stakeholder);</li> <li>- Discussion of Chances and challenges of the ES concept and the potential of nature-based solutions for mainstreaming;</li> <li>- Introduction to governance of ES: status-quo and future implications;</li> <li>- Examples of new market approaches and incentive-based policy instruments (carbon, PES, REDD+);</li> <li>- Practice examples and exercises for ES assessment and valuation.</li> </ul>
Recommended related elective modules	
Competences	Technical competence (50%), Methodological competence (30%), Social competence (10%), Personal competence (10%)
Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ban, N.C., Mills, M., Tam, J., Hicks, C.C., Klain, S., Stoeckl, N., Bottrill, M.C., Levine, J., Pressey, R.L., Satterfield, T., Chan, K.M.A. 2013. A Social-Ecological Approach to Conservation Planning: Embedding Social Considerations. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> 11(4): 194–202.</li> <li>• Brockhaus, M. and Angelsen, A. 2012. Seeing REDD+ through 4Is: A political economy framework In: <i>Analysing REDD+: Challenges and choices</i>, edited by A. Angelsen, M. Brockhaus, W. D. Sunderlin and L. V. Verchot. Bogor, Indonesia: CIFOR, pp. 15-30.</li> <li>• Costanza, R., d'Arge, R., de Groot, R., Farber, S., Grasso, M., Hannon, B., Limburg, K., Naeem, S., O'Neill, R.V., Paruelo, J., Raskin, R.G., Sutton, P., van den Belt, M. 1997. The value of the world's ecosystem services and natural capital. <i>Nature</i> 387: 253–260.</li> <li>• Daily, G.C., 1997. <i>Nature's Services: Societal Dependence on Natural Ecosystems</i>. Island Press, Washington, DC.</li> <li>• de Groot, R.S., Alkemade, R., Braat, L., Hein, L., Willemsen, L. 2010. Challenges in integrating the concept of ecosystem services and values in landscape planning, management and decision making. <i>Ecological Complexity</i> 7, 260-272.</li> <li>• Elmquist, T., Maltby, E., Barker, T., Mortimer, M., Perrings, C., Aronson, J., De Groot, R., Fitter, A., Mace, G., Norberg, J., Pinto, I.S., Ring, I. 2010. Biodiversity, Ecosystems and Ecosystem Services. In: <i>TEEB – The Economics of Ecosystem Services, Ecological and Economic Foundations</i>, Edited by P. Kumar. Washington, D.C.: Island Press: 42-111.</li> <li>• Engel, S., Pagiola, S., Wunder, S. 2008. Designing payments for environmental services in theory and practice: an overview of the issues. <i>Ecological Economics</i> 65(4):663–674.</li> <li>• Farley, J. and Costanza, R. 2010. Payments for ecosystem services: from local to global. <i>Ecological Economics</i> 69(11): 2060–2068.</li> <li>• Gómez-Baggethun, E., De Groot, R., Lomas, P.L., Montes, C. 2010. The history of ecosystem services in economic theory and practice: From early notions to markets and payment schemes. <i>Ecological Economics</i> 69(6): 1209–1218.</li> <li>• Gómez-Baggethun, E. and Muradian, R. 2015. In markets we trust? Setting the boundaries of Market-Based Instruments in ecosystem services governance, <i>Ecol. Econ.</i> <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ecolecon.2015.03.016">http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ecolecon.2015.03.016</a></li> <li>• Haines-Young, R. and Potschin, M. 2010. The links between biodiversity, ecosystem services and human well-being. In: Raffaelli D, Frid C, editors. <i>Ecosystem ecology. A new synthesis</i>. Cambridge (UK): University Press. p. 110–140.</li> </ul>

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|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Jax, K., Barton, D.N., Chan, K.M.A., de Groot, R.S., Doyle, U., Eser, U., Görg, C., Gómez-Baggethun, E., Griewald, Y., Haber, W., et al. (2013). Ecosystem services and ethics. <i>Ecological Economics</i> 93: 260-268.</li><li>• Millennium Ecosystem Assessment (MA). 2003. <i>Ecosystems and Human Well-Being: A Framework for Assessment</i>. Washington (DC): Island Press.</li><li>• Rival, L. and Muradian, R. 2013. Introduction: Governing the Provision of Ecosystem Services. Heidelberg, New York, London: Springer, pp. 1–17.</li><li>• Schomers, S. and Matzdorf, B. 2013. Payments for ecosystem services: A review and comparison of developing and industrialized countries. <i>Ecosystem Services</i> 6: 16–30.</li></ul> |
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## Module catalogue – Forestry System Transformation (M.Sc.)

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<b>Module</b>	<b>Future Management Systems I</b>	<b>M.01.0401</b>		
<b>Semester</b>	<b>1</b>			
<b>Module coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Martin Guericke</b>	<b>Martin.Guericke@hnee.de</b>		
<b>Status</b>	<b>Mandatory</b>			
<b>Goal</b>	<b>Students learn about a wide range of recommended forest management strategies for providing multi-functional ecosystem services. In this context, theoretical and current scientific foundations as well as practical application examples are developed. Results and strategies are discussed well differentiated and evaluated in the context of society as a whole.</b>			
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Project report (100%) (single exam)</b>			
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>6</b>			
<b>SWH</b>	<b>4</b>			
<b>Module component</b>	<b>Forest Management Systems for Ecosystem Services</b>	<b>K.01.0502</b>		
<b>Coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Martin Guericke</b>			
<b>Lecturer</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Tobias Cremer, Prof. Dr. Peter Spathelf et al.</b>			
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>3</b>			
<b>SWH</b>	<b>2</b>	workload: 75h / semester		
<b>Max. study places</b>	<b>25</b>			
<b>Teaching form</b>	<b>Lecture (10h), practical exercises (10h), project (10h), self-study (45h)</b>	<b>Module type</b>		
<b>Language</b>	<b>English</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous	<input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blocked
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Project report (50%) (part of exam)</b>			
<b>Entry requirements</b>	<b>FST reader recommended for silviculture, forest growth and management.</b>			
<b>Goal</b>	<p>Students gain knowledge about a wide spectrum of forest management systems for ecosystem service provision. They are familiar with existing and potential future societal demands concerning forestry systems and understand how these change over time. They have a good understanding of forest management approaches and their influences on different kinds of ecosystem services.</p> <p>They are enabled to suggest and debate organisational, procedural, and institutional adjustment needs and potentials, to provide a holistic view on forestry system transformation demands and options.</p>			
<b>Content</b>	<p>Repetition and deepening of silvicultural and forest growth fundamentals. Explanation of the geographical, organisational and social framework conditions and interactions in connection with multifunctional forest management. Processing of a case study based on own empirical data collection and data analysis. Development and concrete implementation examples for adapted management scenarios, in particular taking into account the increasing influence of climate change.</p>			
<b>Recommended related elective modules</b>				
<b>Competences</b>	<b>Technical competence (50%), Methodological competence (50%)</b>			
<b>Literature</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• v. Gadow, K. u. Hui, G.Y. (1999): Modelling Forest Development. Kluwer Academic Publishers, Dordrecht: 212 p.</li> </ul>			

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Bravo, F. et al. (2017): Managing Forest Ecosystems: The Challenge of Climate Change, Managing Forest Ecosystems 34, Springer International Publishing Switzerland.</li> <li>Pretzsch, H. (2009): Forest Dynamics, Growth and Yield - From Measurement to Model. Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg.</li> <li>Jan Hansen, J.; Nagel, J. (2014): Waldwachstumskundliche Softwaresysteme auf Basis von TreeGrOSS - Anwendung und theoretische Grundlagen. Beiträge aus der Nordwestdeutschen Forstlichen Versuchsanstalt Band 11, Universitätsdrucke Göttingen.</li> <li>v. Gadow, K. (2005): Forsteinrichtung – Analyse und Entwurf der Waldentwicklung, Universitätsdrucke im Universitätsverlag Göttingen.</li> <li>v. Gadow, K. (2006): Forsteinrichtung – Adaptive Steuerung und Mehrpfad-prinzip, Universitätsdrucke im Universitätsverlag Göttingen.</li> </ul>									
Module component	Silvicultural management based on growth modelling for decision support	K.01.0503								
Coordinator	Prof. Dr. Martin Guericke									
Lecturer	Prof. Dr. Martin Guericke									
ECTS-Credits	3									
SWH	2	workload: 75h / semester								
Max. study places	25									
Teaching form	Lecture (10h), practical exercises (10h), project (10h), self-study (45h)	<table border="1"> <tr> <th colspan="4">Module type</th> </tr> <tr> <td>continuous</td> <td>partly blocked</td> <td>x</td> <td>blocked</td> </tr> </table>	Module type				continuous	partly blocked	x	blocked
Module type										
continuous	partly blocked	x	blocked							
Language	English									
Examination form	Project report (50%) (part of exam)									
Entry requirements	FST reader recommended for silviculture, forest growth and management.									
Goal	Students are enabled to guide structured goal-setting processes and to define operational realizable and measurable goals. By means of selected case studies (forestry enterprises of different types of ownership) and self-defined target hierarchies the influence of different silvicultural strategies and management decisions can be quantified on the basis of forest growth model calculations. The students are able to apply growth models and software with integrated GIS components and to evaluate and map the results of different mid-term scenario simulations. Students are enabled to weight the results of different target and management strategies by applying decision support systems. They are able to identify potentials and processes for the optimization of target hierarchies and to implement silvicultural control processes in the sense of adaptive management.									
Content	Data collection and preparation for modelling of representative case studies. Development and definition of different forest management scenarios and implementation of growth simulations with the single tree simulator BWin Pro. Comparison and evaluation of different silvicultural scenarios, development and justification of bestcase recommendations. Practical exercises for silvicultural applications.									
Recommended related elective modules										
Competences	Technical competence (50%), Methodological competence (50%)									
Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>v. Gadow, K. u. Hui, G.Y. (1999): Modelling Forest Development. Kluwer Academic Publishers, Dordrecht: 212 p.</li> </ul>									

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|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Bravo, F. et al. (2017): Managing Forest Ecosystems: The Challenge of Climate Change, Managing Forest Ecosystems 34, Springer International Publishing Switzerland.</li><li>• Pretzsch, H. (2009): Forest Dynamics, Growth and Yield - From Measurement to Model. Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg.</li><li>• Jan Hansen, J.; Nagel, J. (2014): Waldwachstumskundliche Softwaresysteme auf Basis von TreeGrOSS - Anwendung und theoretische Grundlagen. Beiträge aus der Nordwestdeutschen Forstlichen Versuchsanstalt Band 11, Universitäts-drucke Göttingen.</li><li>• v. Gadow, K. (2005): Forsteinrichtung – Analyse und Entwurf der Waldent-wicklung, Universitätsdrucke im Universitätsverlag Göttingen.</li><li>• v. Gadow, K. (2006): Forsteinrichtung – Adaptive Steuerung und Mehrpfad-prinzip, Universitätsdrucke im Universitätsverlag Göttingen.</li></ul> |
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<b>Module</b>	<b>Forest governance and Policy I</b>	<b>M.01.0402</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>1</b>	
<b>Module coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann</b>	<b>Carsten.Mann@hnee.de</b>
<b>Status</b>	<b>Mandatory</b>	
<b>Goal</b>	<b>Students get to know social and political sciences theories and concepts of environmental-/forest governance and policy. They learn about social structures, institutions and actors as a basis for elaborating and reflecting on topics such as collaboration, protest behaviour and policy action. Students become familiar with examples from environmental protection, forest management, biodiversity and nature conservation, to improve their understanding of policy and social systems and their specific functioning and interactions.</b>	
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Project presentation (50%), Project report (50%)</b>	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>6</b>	
<b>SWH</b>	<b>4</b>	
<b>Module component</b>	<b>Concepts, Institutions and Actors</b>	<b>K.01.0504</b>
<b>Coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann</b>	
<b>Lecturer</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann, Prof. Dr. Heike Walk</b>	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>3</b>	
<b>SWH</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>workload: 75h / semester</b>
<b>Max. study places</b>	<b>25</b>	
<b>Teaching form</b>	<b>Lecture (10h), Seminar (10h), Project (25h), Self-study (30h)</b>	<b>Module type</b>
<b>Language</b>	<b>English</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous <input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blocked
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Project presentation (25%), Project report (25%)</b>	
<b>Entry requirements</b>		
<b>Goal</b>	<p>Students understand, can explain and analyse environmental and forest governance systems. Rooted in a new institutional economics and political sciences understanding, students can distinguish between governance structures, institutions, actors and organisations. In particular they are familiar with key political sciences concepts for natural resources governance and policy. This enables students to understand institutional stability and change over time, policy choice and actor coalitions in order to handle multiple realities for collaboration, integrated and adaptive approaches, and sustainable resource management.</p>	
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Introduction to the conceptual foundation of (environmental) governance and different schools of thought: structures, institutions, actors;</li> <li>- Exploration of a paradigm shift from central government steering to collaborative approaches in natural resource management;</li> <li>- Introduction to concepts of system dynamics, phases of institutional stability and change</li> <li>- Introduction to the concepts of robustness, resilience and adaptive capacity;</li> <li>- Deepening of key policy concepts such as policy cycle, rational choice and advocacy coalitions; as well as integrated and community-based governance;</li> </ul>	

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Deepening of dedicated governance systems: Forest and environmental governance; biodiversity governance, and governance of protected areas;</li> <li>- Handling multiple realities: inter-disciplinary and transdisciplinary research approaches.</li> </ul>		
Recommended related elective modules			
Competences	Technical competence (45%), Methodological competence (35%), Personal competence (10%), Media competence (10%)		
Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cox, M., Arnold, G., &amp; Villamayor Tomás, S. 2010. A Review of Design Principles for Community-Based Natural Resource Management. <i>Ecology and Society</i> 15(4):38.</li> <li>• Hodge, I. 2007. The Governance of Rural Land in a Liberalised World. <i>Journal of Agricultural Economics</i> 58(3):409–32.</li> <li>• Jordan, A. J. &amp; Turnpenny, J. R. 2015. <i>The Tools of Policy Formulation: Actors, Capacities, Venues and Effects</i>. Northampton, MA: Edward Elgar Publishing Ltd.</li> <li>• Kemp, R., Parto, S., &amp; Gibson, R. B. 2005. Governance for Sustainable Development: Moving from Theory to Practice. <i>International Journal of Sustainable Development</i> 8(1):12–30.</li> <li>• Loft, L.; Mann, C.; and Hansjürgens, B. (2015): Challenges in Ecosystem Services Governance: Multi-levels, multi-actors, multi-rationalities. In: L. Loft; C. Mann &amp; B. Hansjürgens “Governance of Ecosystem Services – Challenges for sustainable development”, <i>Journal of Ecosystem Services</i>, Special Issue 16, pp. 150 – 157, DOI: 10.1016/j.ecoser.2015.11.002.</li> <li>• Paavola, J., Gouldson, A., &amp; Kluvánková, T. 2009. Interplay of Actors, Scales, Frameworks and Regimes in the Governance of Biodiversity. <i>Environmental Policy and Governance</i> 19(3):148–58.</li> <li>• Pierson, P (2000). Increasing returns, path dependence, and the study of politics. <i>American Political Science Review</i>, 94, pp. 251-267.</li> <li>• Scott, W. R. 2008. <i>Institutions and Organizations: Ideas and Interests</i>. Thousand Oaks, Calif.: Sage.</li> <li>• Stoker, G. 1998. Governance as Theory: Five Propositions. <i>International Social Science Journal</i> 50(155):17–28.</li> <li>• Stone, D. 2012. <i>Policy Paradox: The Art of Political Decision Making</i>. Auflage: 3. New York: Norton &amp; Company.</li> </ul>		
Module component	Environmental Policy and Nature Conservation		K.01.0505
Coordinator	Prof. Dr. Heike Walk		
Lecturer	Prof. Dr. Heike Walk, Prof. Dr. Pierre Ibisch, Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann		
ECTS-Credits	3		
SWH	2		workload: 75h / semester
Max. study places	25		
Teaching form	Lecture (10h), Seminar (10h), Project (25h), Self-study (30h)		Module type
Language	English	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous	<input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blocked
Examination form	Project presentation (25%), Project report (25%)		
Entry requirements			
Goal	Students are familiar with the general objectives, tools and current debates of environmental-, nature- and biodiversity conservation policy on different levels. They know the basic environmental governance structures, and the different policy instruments at stake to manage		

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	environmental problems. They are able to discuss the chances and limitations of these policy approaches in a nuanced way. For dedicated environmental policy arenas, students can analyse central actors, inherent problem perceptions and ideas for policy solutions. They are able to analyze participatory governance in different policy fields.
Content	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Introduction to central environmental policy fields, strategies, instruments and actors;</li> <li>- Environmental philosophy &amp; ethics: The bedrock of sustainable development;</li> <li>- Science-policy interface and requirements for post-normal science concepts &amp; solutions;</li> <li>- Ecosystem-based adaptation &amp; the participatory approach to sustainability.</li> <li>- Citizen Competence, Empowerment, and Capacity Building</li> <li>- A partnership approach to forest ecosystem management</li> <li>- Field trip</li> </ul>
Recommended related elective modules	
Competences	Technical competence (45%), Methodological competence (35%), Personal competence (10%), Media competence (10%)
Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Agrawal, A. and Redford, K. (2006) Poverty, Development, and Biodiversity Conservation: Shooting in the Dark? Wildlife Conservation Society ISSN 1534-7389.</li> <li>• Arts, B.; Buizer, M. (2009): Forests, discourses, institutions. A discursive-institutional analysis of global forest governance. <i>Forest Policy and Economics</i>: 11 (5-6), 340-347.</li> <li>• Dimitrov, R. S. (2005): Hostage to Norms: States, Institutions, and Global Forest Politics. <i>Global Environmental Politics</i> 5 (4): 1-24.</li> <li>• Fath, B.D, Jørgensen, S.E., Patten, B.C. and Straškraba, M. (2004) Ecosystem Growth and Development. <i>BioSystems</i> 77 (2004) 213–228</li> <li>• Filotas, E., L. Parrott, P. J. Burton, R. L. Chazdon, K. D. Coates, L. Coll, S. Haeussler, K. Martin, S. Nocentini, K. J. Puettmann, F. E. Putz, S. W. Simard, and C. Messier. 2014. Viewing forests through the lens of complex systems science. <i>Ecosphere</i> 5(1):1.</li> <li>• Kläy, A.; Zimmermann, A. B.; Schneider, F. (2016): Rethinking science for sustainable development: Reflexive interaction for a paradigm transformation. <i>Futures</i>, 65: 72-85.</li> <li>• Lang, D. J., Wiek, A., Bergmann, M. and M. Stauffacher. 2012. Transdisciplinary research in Sustainability Science. <i>Practice, Principles and Challenges. Sustainability Science</i> 7: 25–43.</li> <li>• Mann, C.; Plieninger, T.; Raymond, C. M.; Garcia Martin, M.; and Shaw, B. (in preparation). Integrated landscape management as an operational bridge for implementing the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in Europe. <i>Landscape and Urban Planning</i>.</li> <li>• Pascual, M. and Guichard, F. (2005) Criticality and disturbance in spatial ecological systems. <i>TRENDS in Ecology and Evolution</i> Vol.20 No.2</li> <li>• Rayner, J., Buck, A., Katila, P. (2010), Embracing complexity: Meeting the challenges of international forest governance. A global assessment report. Prepared by the Global Forest Expert Panel on the International Forest Regime. IUFRO World Series Volume 28. Vienna.</li> <li>• Rosa, H.D (2004) The bioethics of biodiversity. <i>Human Ecology Special Issue</i> No. 12: 161-175</li> <li>• Walk, H. and Müller, M. 2014. Democratizing the climate negotiations system through improved opportunities for participation. In: Dietz, M. und Garrelts, H. (Eds.): <i>Handbook of the climate change movement</i>. Routledge International Handbooks, S. 31-43.</li> <li>• Winkel, G., Kaphengst, T., Herbert, S., Robaey, Z.; Rosenkranz, L., Sotirov, M. (2009): EU policy options for the protection of European forests against harmful impacts. Final Report to the tender: ENV.B.1/ETU/2008/0049: OJ 2008/S 112 - 149606.</li> </ul>

## Module catalogue – Forestry System Transformation (M.Sc.)

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|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Winkel, G. &amp; Sotirov, M. (2013): Whose integration is this? European forest policy between the gospel of coordination, institutional competition, and new spirits of integration. <i>Environment and Planning C: Government and Policy</i>.</li></ul> |
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*effective from winter term 2020/21*

Module	Resource Competition	M.01.0403
<b>Semester</b>	1	
<b>Module coordinator</b>	Prof. Dr. Jan-Peter Mund	Jan-Peter.Mund@hnee.de
<b>Status</b>	Mandatory	
<b>Goal</b>	The students are enabled to describe, analyse and evaluate dependencies and interrelations between observations and processes in the field of the environment and economics based on empirical data. Furthermore, they are able to apply monitoring tools and develop strategies integrating spatial data products and global monitoring services. Students are eventually in the position to carry out their own monitoring projects, and have the criteria to judge the quality of monitoring projects in general.	
<b>Examination form</b>	Work report (50%), Technical discussion (50%)	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	6	
<b>SWH</b>	4	
<b>Module component</b>	Spatial dimension, Assessment and Solutions	K.01.0506
<b>Coordinator</b>	Prof. Dr. Jan-Peter Mund	
<b>Lecturer</b>	Prof. Dr. Jan-Peter Mund	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	3	
<b>SWH</b>	2	workload: 75h / semester
<b>Max. study places</b>	25	
<b>Teaching form</b>	Lecture (15h), Practical Exercise (7h), Seminar (8h), self-study (45h)	Module type
<b>Language</b>	English	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous <input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blocked
<b>Examination form</b>	Work report (50%)	
<b>Entry requirements</b>		
<b>Goal</b>	Students have knowledge about recent spatial competitions on forest resources based on conceptual and methodical approaches. They are aware about potential political solution and feasible counter management strategies such as land management measures and forest policy decisions. They are able to apply monitoring tools and develop monitoring strategies integrating spatial data products and global monitoring services. A primary objective is that the students are eventually in the position to carry out their own monitoring projects, and that they have the criteria to judge the quality of monitoring projects in general.	
<b>Content</b>	<p>Land is a scarce resource increasingly affected by the competition of mutually exclusive uses. On the remaining land, local, national and international users with different socioeconomic status and power compete to achieve food security, economic growth, energy supply, nature conservation and other objectives.</p> <p>This module introduces to the discussion on forest resources and their competition in a global or regional land-use management. It offers interactive training using most recent spatial management tools and methods to assess and analyse spatial dimensions of recent land use and potential land use completions. The module offers conceptual insights into different land-use planning and management strategies aiming at preserving forest resources or reducing land conflicts by introducing sustainable forest resource management strategies. The technical implementation of spatial methods and tools such as GIS and Remote Sensing complete the interdisciplinary learning approach in this module.</p>	

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Recommended related elective modules	Transformation and innovation I	
Competences	Technical competence (50%), Methodological competence (35%), Personal competence (10%), Media competence (5%)	
Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AGRAWAL, A.; CHHATRE; A.; HARDIN, R. (2008): Changing Governance of the World's Forests. in Science 13 Jun 2008, Vol. 320, Issue 5882, pp. 1460-1462. DOI: 10.1126/science.1155369</li> <li>• BONNER MTL, SCHMIDT S, SHOO LP. (2013): A meta-analytical global comparison of aboveground biomass accumulation between tropical secondary forests and monoculture plantations. For Ecol. Management. 2013; 291:73–86.</li> <li>• FRITSCH, U.R.; SIMS, R. E. H.; MONTI, A. (2010): Direct and indirect land-use competition issues for energy crops and their sustainable production – an overview. DOI: 10.1002/bbb.258</li> <li>• MELI, P.; HOLL, K.D.; BENAYAS, J.M.R.; JONES, H.P.; JONES, P.C.; MONTOYA, D.; MATEOS, D.M. (2017): A global review of past land use, climate, and active vs. passive restoration effects on forest recovery. Open access: <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0171368">http://dx.doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0171368</a></li> <li>• SANDS, R. D.; MALCOLM, S. A.; SUTTLES, S. A.; MARSHALL, E. (2017): Dedicated Energy Crops and Competition for Agricultural Land. In: United States Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Report Number 223, accessed: <a href="http://ageconsearch.umn.edu/bitstream/252445/2/ERR223.pdf">http://ageconsearch.umn.edu/bitstream/252445/2/ERR223.pdf</a></li> <li>• SCHWENK WS, DONOVAN TM, KEETON WS, NUNERY JS. (2012): Carbon storage, timber production, and biodiversity: comparing ecosystem services with multi-criteria decision analysis. In: Ecol. Appl. 2012; 22(5):1612–27. pmid:22908717</li> <li>• SMITH, P.; GREGORY, P.J.; VAN VUUREN, D.; OBERSTEINER, M.; HAVLI, P.; ROUNSEVELL, M. WOODS, J.; STEHFEST, E.; BELLARBY, J. (2010): Competition for land – a review. In: Philosophical Transactions B of the Royal British Society – Biological Sciences. DOI: 10.1098/rstb.2010.0127</li> </ul> <p><i>Further and more recent literature will be presented during the lectures and in the literature review of the seminar.</i></p>	
Module component	Ecosystem modelling	K.01.0507
Coordinator	Prof. Dr. Alfred Schulz	
Lecturer	Prof. Dr. Alfred Schulz et al.	
ECTS-Credits	3	
SWH	2	workload: 75h / semester
Max. study places	25	
Teaching form	Lecture (15h), Practical Exercise (7h), Seminar (8h), self-study (45h)	Module type
Language	English	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous <input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blocked
Examination form	Technical discussion (50%)	
Entry requirements		
Goal	Students gain knowledge and acquire the methodological skills for the development of simulation models of ecological and technical systems. They are enabled to describe, analyse and evaluate dependencies and interrelations between observations and processes in the field of the environment and economics on the basis of empirical data.	
Content	Land is a scarce resource increasingly affected by the competition of mutually exclusive uses. On the remaining land, local, national and international users with different socioeconomic	

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	<p>status and power compete to achieve food security, economic growth, energy supply, nature conservation and other objectives.</p> <p>This module introduces to the discussion on forest resources and their competition in a global or regional land-use management. It offers interactive training using most recent spatial management tools and methods to assess and analyse spatial dimensions of recent land use and potential land use completions. The module offers conceptual insights into different land-use planning and management strategies aiming at preserving forest resources or reducing land conflicts by introducing sustainable forest resource management strategies. The technical implementation of spatial methods and tools such as GIS and Remote Sensing complete the interdisciplinary learning approach in this module.</p>	
Recommended related elective modules	Transformation and innovation I	
Competences	<p>Technical competence (50%), Methodological competence (30%), Personal competence (10%), Media competence (10%)</p>	
Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Imboden, D. &amp; S. Koch 2003. Systemanalyse. Einführung in die mathematische Modellierung natürlicher Systeme. Springer.</li> <li>• Jørgensen, S.E. &amp; G. Bendoricchio 2001. Fundamentals of Ecological Modelling. Elsevier.</li> <li>• Seppelt, R. 2003. Computer-based Environmental Management. Wiley-VCH.</li> </ul>	

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<b>Module</b>	<b>Forest Management Strategies for ecosystem service provision I</b>	<b>M.01.0404</b>	
<b>Semester</b>	<b>1</b>		
<b>Module coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Martin Guericke</b>	<b>Martin.Guericke@hnee.de</b>	
<b>Status</b>	<b>Elective</b>		
<b>Goal</b>	<b>Students understand the carbon cycle with special reference to forests, soils and forest products. They are qualified to develop and critically reflect forest growth scenarios and have acquired basic knowledge of the purpose and the implementation of life cycle analysis (LCA), product carbon footprints (PCF) and corporate carbon footprints (CCF).</b>		
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Working report (100%)</b>		
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>6</b>		
<b>SWH</b>	<b>4</b>		
<b>Module component</b>	<b>Carbon sequestration and accounting</b>	<b>K.01.0508</b>	
<b>Coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Martin Guericke</b>		
<b>Lecturer</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Martin Guericke, Prof. Dr. Winfried Riek, Prof. Dr. Tobias Cremer</b>		
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>6</b>		
<b>SWH</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>workload: 150h / semester</b>	
<b>Max. study places</b>	<b>25</b>		
<b>Teaching form</b>	<b>Lecture (30h), Project (30h), self-study (90h)</b>	<b>Module type</b>	
<b>Language</b>	<b>English</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous	<input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked
		<input type="checkbox"/> x	<input type="checkbox"/> blocked
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Working report (100%)</b>		
<b>Entry requirements</b>			
<b>Goal</b>	Students understand the carbon cycle with special reference to forests, soils and forest products. They are qualified to develop and critically reflect forest growth scenarios and have acquired basic knowledge of the purpose and the implementation of life cycle analysis (LCA), product carbon footprints (PCF) and corporate carbon footprints (CCF).		
<b>Content</b>	<p>The interactions among vegetation, climate, soil organisms and soil properties as main factors influencing soil carbon storage will be explained. In terms of carbon sequestration the current EU-wide programs for observing and monitoring the element budget in forest ecosystems are presented. An overview of global threats to soils in particular by loss of humus and measures for soil protection will be given.</p> <p>Secondly rules for the development of LCA (life cycle analysis), layout, structure and boundaries of LCA; PCF (product carbon footprints) and CCF (corporate carbon footprints) will be presented. Basic knowledge of the purpose and the implementation of life cycle analysis (LCA), product carbon footprints (PCF) and corporate carbon footprints (CCF) will be given. Moreover it will be discussed which data are needed to develop a LCA, how such data are collected and how the calculation is done. In this context important tools and software for the calculation of LCA will be explained.</p> <p>Forest yield and growth is modelled according to common, traditional approaches as well as to new tools like statistical computer growth models (BWinPro). In this context current trends and available tools in forest growth modelling are presented. Students carry out self-selected and self-defined case studies focused on carbon sequestration. Additionally the participants learn about the problems and challenges to include the dynamic change of</p>		

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	management strategies, effects of climate change and the general change of site conditions in growth modeling and to evaluate the results of growth scenarios.	
Recommended related elective modules	Forest Management Strategies for ecosystem service provision II	
Competences	Technical competence (50%), Methodological competence (20%), Social competence (10%), Personal competence (20%)	
Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• JANDL, R., RODEGHIERO, M., OLSSON, M. 2011: Soil carbon in Sensitive European Ecosystems: From Science to Land Management, John Wiley &amp; Sons. Ltd.</li> <li>• VANCLAY, J.K., 1994: Modelling Forest Growth and Yield. Applications to Mixed Tropical Forests. Cab International. ISBN: 0 85198 913 6.</li> <li>• V. GADOW, K., PUKKALA, T. A., TOME, M., 2000: Sustainable Forest Management. Kluwer Academic Publishers.</li> <li>• POMMERENING, A. a. MURPHY, S.T., 2004: A review of the history, definitions and methods of continuous cover forestry with special attention to afforestation and restocking. Forestry, Vol. 77, No. 1, 27-44.</li> <li>• OLSTHOORN ET AL., 1999: Management of mixed-species forest: silviculture and economics. IBN Scientific Contributions 15, Wageningen.</li> </ul>	

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<b>Module</b>	<b>Transformation and Innovation I</b>	<b>M.01.0405</b>
<b>Semester</b>	1	
<b>Module coordinator</b>	Prof. Dr. Jan-Peter Mund	Jan-Peter.Mund@hnee.de
<b>Status</b>	Elective	
<b>Goal</b>	<p>Students are aware of the principal methods and innovative technical tools for estimating, quantifying, calculating and mapping the baseline of different carbon pools and to monitor carbon stock changes related to various forest and land management measures. After the course, students have a solid foundation of principal concepts of biomass and carbon quantification and their specific cycles. Students know about the advantages applying remote sensing and modelling techniques for the spatial assessment and modelling of forest biomass at different scales. Students will learn about different carbon parametrization, quantification or simulation models for forest biomass on a landscape level and discuss methods to quantify forest biomass and estimate the forest carbon stock and their uncertainty.</p>	
<b>Examination form</b>	Project presentation (50%), Project report (50%)	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	6	
<b>SWH</b>	4	
<b>Module component</b>	Assessment tools and methods: Forest 4.0 / Parametrization and spatial assessment of biomass	K.01.0509
<b>Coordinator</b>	Prof. Dr. Jan-Peter Mund	
<b>Lecturer</b>	Prof. Dr. Jan-Peter Mund	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	6	
<b>SWH</b>	4	workload: 150h / semester
<b>Max. study places</b>	25	
<b>Teaching form</b>	Lecture (12h), seminar (18h), practical exercise (30h), self-study (80h).	Module type
<b>Language</b>	English	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous <input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blocked
<b>Examination form</b>	Project presentation (50%), Project report (50%)	
<b>Entry requirements</b>		
<b>Goal</b>	<p>Students are aware of the principal methods and innovative technical tools for estimating, quantifying, calculating and mapping the baseline of different carbon pools and to monitor carbon stock changes related to various forest and land management measures. After the course, students have a solid foundation of principal concepts of biomass and carbon quantification and their specific cycles. Students know about the advantages applying remote sensing and modelling techniques for the spatial assessment and modelling of forest biomass at different scales. Students will learn about different carbon parametrization, quantification or simulation models for forest biomass on a landscape level and discuss methods to quantify forest biomass and estimate the forest carbon stock and their uncertainty.</p>	
<b>Content</b>	<p>This module offers an introduction to selected monitoring methods of global phenomena and recent trends in earth observation of the environment. The module focuses on standardized remote sensing products and sensor networks for earth observation. Global monitoring and standardized earth observation products will be discussed and students will critically evaluate existing NASA and ESA–Copernicus and Sentinel products and discuss recent trends and challenges in multi-temporal earth observation especially land cover land-use topics. In addition students will learn about typical earth observation services like Marine services, Soil</p>	

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	and Water services; Crop monitoring, Atmosphere services or Emergency response and Security services.	
Recommended related elective modules	Transformation and Innovation II	
Competences	Technical competence (50%), Methodological competence (35%), Personal competence (5%), Media competence (10%)	
Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ASCHBACHER; J &amp; PILAR MILAGRO-PÉREZ; M. (2012): The European Earth monitoring (GMES) programme: Status and perspectives. In: Remote Sensing of Environment 120 (2012) 3–8.</li> <li>• DE MEY, STEFAAN (2015): The Future of Satellite Applications: The End-User Perspective. In: Yearbook on Space Policy 2015, pp 175-191.</li> <li>• DONLON, C. ET AL (2012): The Global Monitoring for Environment and Security (GMES) Sentinel-3 mission. In: Remote Sensing of Environment 120 (2012) 37– 57.</li> <li>• ELSHARKAWY, A., ET AL. (2012). Improvement in the Detection of Land Cover Classes Using the Worldview-2 Imagery ASPRS Sacramento, CA.</li> <li>• HOUGHTON, R.A.; NASSIKAS, A.A.(2017): Global and regional fluxes of carbon from land use and land cover change 1850–2015, DOI: 10.1002/2016GB005546</li> <li>• JENSEN( 2006): Remote Sensing of the Environment: An Earth Resource Perspective (2nd Edition)</li> <li>• JONES &amp; VAUGHAN (2010): Remote Sensing of Vegetation: Principles, Techniques, and Applications</li> <li>• VUOLO, F., WAI-TIM, NG, ATZBERGER, C. (2016): Smoothing and gap-filling of high resolution multi-spectral time series: Example of Landsat data. In: International Journal of Applied Earth Observation and Geoinformation, Volume 57, May 2017, Pages 202–213</li> <li>• WULDER, M.A., S.E. FRANKLIN (2003): Remote Sensing of Forest Environments. Kluwer Academic Publishers.</li> </ul> <p><i>Further and more recent literature will be presented during the lectures and in the literature review of the seminar.</i></p>	

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<b>Module</b>	<b>Rethinking Environmental Economics II</b>	<b>M.01.0406</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>2</b>	
<b>Module coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann</b>	<b>Carsten.Mann@hnee.de</b>
<b>Status</b>	<b>Mandatory</b>	
<b>Goal</b>	<p>The students are enabled to describe, analyse and evaluate linkages between economic and environmental systems understood as coupled social-ecological systems and system interactions. They become familiar with frameworks for system analysis to apply in concrete action situations. Students will gain a deepened understanding, and debate alternative economic concepts, for natural resource uses and management, and in particular debate the new trends in bioeconomy.</p>	
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Project presentation (100%) (single exam)</b>	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>6</b>	
<b>SWH</b>	<b>4</b>	
<b>Module component</b>	<b>Economy – Ecology System Interactions</b>	<b>K.01.0510</b>
<b>Coordinator</b>	Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann	
<b>Lecturer</b>	Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	3	
<b>SWH</b>	2	workload: 75h / semester
<b>Max. study places</b>	25	
<b>Teaching form</b>	Lecture (8h), Seminar (12h), Project (20h), Self-study (35h)	<b>Module type</b>
<b>Language</b>	English	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous <input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blocked
<b>Examination form</b>	Project presentation (50%) (part of exam)	
<b>Entry requirements</b>		
<b>Goal</b>	<p>Students acquire knowledge on economy - ecology system interactions conceptualized as 'social-ecological systems' (SES). They gain a system-based understanding of economy as an integral part of the environment that needs to be understood in its uncertainties and limitations. Students are introduced to the IAD and SES analysis frameworks, and will be enabled to apply them. The crucial role of institutions that mediate system interactions is highlighted. Limits to growth are critically reflected and alternative concepts for economic development and human well-being are debated including issues such as ethics, fairness and equity.</p>	
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Understanding of socio-ecological systems and economy – ecology interdependencies;</li> <li>- Identification and debate of socio-economic and political trends that influence natural resource uses, overuse and degradation;</li> <li>- Introduction to system analysis frameworks IAD and SES</li> <li>- Carrying out system analysis in dedicated action situations;</li> <li>- Debate of the growth orientation and 'limits of growth';</li> <li>- Introduction to alternative economic theories and models regarding environmental and natural resource uses, i.e. circular economy, Degrowth and welfare economics;</li> <li>- Elaboration of crucial issues of ethics, fairness and equity;</li> <li>- Stakeholder discussions on related module topics.</li> </ul>	

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Recommended related elective modules		
Competences	Technical competence (40%), Methodological competence (40%), Social competence (10%), Personal competence (10%)	
Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Berkes, Fikret, Carl Folke, and Johan Colding. 2000. Linking Social and Ecological Systems: Management Practices and Social Mechanisms for Building Resilience. Cambridge, New York: Cambridge University Press.</li> <li>• Costanza, R., Daly, L., Fioramonti, L., Giovannini, E., Kubiszewski, I., Mortensen, L.F., Pickett, K.E., Ragnarsdottir, K.V., De Vogli, R., Wilkinson, R., 2016. Modelling and measuring sustainable wellbeing in connection with the UN Sustainable Development Goals. Ecological Economics. 130, 350-355..</li> <li>• Hagedorn, Konrad. 2008. "Particular Requirements for Institutional Analysis in Nature-Related Sectors" European Review of Agricultural Economics 35(4): 357-384.</li> <li>• Janssen, Marco A., John M. Anderies, and Elinor Ostrom. 2007. "Robustness of Social-Ecological Systems to Spatial and Temporal Variability." Society and Natural Resources 20(4): 307–22.</li> <li>• Liu, J., Dietz, T., Carpenter, S.R., Alberti, M., Folke, C., Moran, E., Pell, A.N., Deadman, P., Kratz, T., Lubchenco, J., Ostrom, E., Ouyang, Z., Provencher, W., Redman, C.L., Schneider, S.H., Taylor, W.W. (2007). Complexity of Coupled Human and Natural Systems. Science 314: 1513-1516.</li> <li>• Ostrom, E. 2011. Background on the Institutional Analysis and Development Framework. Policy Studies Journal 39(1): 7–27.</li> <li>• Ostrom, E. 2009. Social-Ecological Systems A General Framework for Analyzing Sustainability of Social-Ecological Systems. Science 325:419-422.</li> <li>• Ostrom, E., Burger, J., Field, C.B., Norgaard, R.B., Policansky, D. 1999. Revisiting the commons: local lessons, global challenges. Science. 284 (5412): 278–282.</li> <li>• Schlager, Edella and Elinor Ostrom. 1992. Property-Rights Regimes and Natural Resources: A Conceptual Analysis. Land Economics 68(3):249–62.</li> <li>• Williamson, O. E. 2004. Transaction Cost Economics and Agriculture: An Excursion. The Role of Institutions in Rural Policies and Agricultural Markets. Amsterdam: Elsevier 19–39.</li> </ul>	
Module component	Bioeconomy strategies	K.01.0511
Coordinator	Prof. Dr. Tobias Cremer	
Lecturer	Prof. Dr. Tobias Cremer	
ECTS-Credits	3	
SWH	2	workload: 75h / semester
Max. study places	25	
Teaching form	Lecture (10h), Seminar (10h), project (15h), self-study (40h)	Module type
Language	English	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous <input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blocked
Examination form	Project presentation (50%) (part of exam)	
Entry requirements		
Goal	<p>Students have a good understanding of the Bioeconomy concept in general. They understand the aims of different concepts and strategies related to Bioeconomy and how an efficient and resource-friendly use of natural resources such as plants, animals, and microorganisms shall be achieved. They can identify bioeconomy potentials of a range of various institutional, economic and biophysical settings with a special focus on forestry and analyze in how far these play a crucial role for shaping the countries bioeconomy strategies. Further, students are able to derive implications for a sustainable forest resource management.</p>	

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Content	<p>Bioeconomy aims to achieve an efficient and resource-friendly use of natural resources. It concerns a wide variety of sectors, including especially forestry, agriculture and plant breeding. In forestry, this new global trend has the potential to significantly change demand for wood and other resources. By that, traditional markets and market participants will be influenced, and forest management strategies might have to be adapted, according to new stakeholders in the market. It is therefore crucial to understand this new megatrend, to be able to derive first assumptions of how to react and how to handle the upcoming challenges and changes.</p> <p>In this module, students are therefore introduced to a range of country perspectives on bioeconomy. Based on cross-country comparisons, socio-economic insights into this emerging policy and business field are presented: strategies, actors, risks and promises. Differences in institutional, economic and biophysical settings are identified and analyzed in how far these play a crucial role for shaping the countries' bioeconomy strategies and how forestry is affected. Potentials for a European way are debated, and implications for resource management are thematised.</p>	
Recommended related elective modules		
Competences	<p>Technical competence (40%), Methodological competence (40%), Social competence (10%), Personal competence (10%)</p>	
Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cristóbal, J., Matos, C. T., Aurambout, J. P., Manfredi, S., &amp; Kavalov, B. (2016). Environmental sustainability assessment of bioeconomy value chains. <i>Biomass and Bioenergy</i>, 89, 159-171.</li> <li>• Hetemäki, L. (2014). Future of European Forest Based Sector. Structural Changes Towards Bioeconomy. What Science Can Tell Us 6, European Forest Institute. <a href="http://www.efi.int/files/attachments/publications/efi_wsctu_6_2014.pdf">http://www.efi.int/files/attachments/publications/efi_wsctu_6_2014.pdf</a></li> <li>• Lewandowski, I. et al. (2018): Bioeconomy. Shaping the Transition to a Sustainable Biobased Economy. Springer, 358 S.</li> <li>• Philippidis, G, M'barek, R., &amp; Ferrari, E. (2016): Drivers of the European Bioeconomy in Transition (BioEconomy2030): An exploratory, model-based assessment. Joint Research Center by the European Commission, EUR 27563 EN; doi:10.2791/529794. <a href="http://citarea.cita-aragon.es/citarea/bitstream/10532/3282/1/2016_100.pdf">http://citarea.cita-aragon.es/citarea/bitstream/10532/3282/1/2016_100.pdf</a></li> <li>• Scarlat, N., Dallemand, J. F., Monforti-Ferrario, F., &amp; Nita, V. (2015). The role of biomass and bioenergy in a future bioeconomy: policies and facts. <i>Environmental Development</i>, 15, 3-34.</li> <li>• Wolfslehner, B., Linser, S., Pülzl, H., Bastrup-Birk, A., Camia, A., &amp; Marchetti, M. (2016). Forest bioeconomy-a new scope for sustainability indicators. From Science to Policy 4, European Forest Institute.</li> </ul>	

## Module catalogue – Forestry System Transformation (M.Sc.)

*effective from winter term 2020/21*

<b>Module</b>	<b>Future Management Systems II</b>	<b>M.01.0407</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>2</b>	
<b>Module coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Peter Spathelf</b>	<b>Peter.Spathelf@hnee.de</b>
<b>Status</b>	<b>Mandatory</b>	
<b>Goal</b>	<b>Students are enabled to assess basics of sustainable biomass production in forests (forest ecosystems, dendrochronology, forest growth science).</b>	
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Written exam (120m.) (100%)</b>	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>6</b>	
<b>SWH</b>	<b>4</b>	
<b>Module component</b>	<b>Strategic silvicultural planning &amp; management</b>	<b>K.01.0512</b>
<b>Coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Peter Spathelf</b>	
<b>Lecturer</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Peter Spathelf</b>	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>6</b>	
<b>SWH</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>workload: 150h / semester</b>
<b>Max. study places</b>	<b>25</b>	
<b>Teaching form</b>	<b>Lecture (20h), Seminar (20), Practical exercises (30h), Self-study (80h)</b>	<b>Module type</b>
<b>Language</b>	<b>English</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous <input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blocked
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Written exam (120min) (100%)</b>	
<b>Entry requirements</b>		
<b>Goal</b>	<b>Students are familiar with basics of sustainable biomass production in forests (forest ecosystems, dendrochronology, forest growth science).</b>	
<b>Content</b>	<p>Focus of the module is silvicultural strategies for the sustainable provision of wooden biomass and ecosystem services under variable economic and social framework conditions, encompassing, among others:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Strategies to produce high- value timber as well as energy wood and pulpwood</li> <li>• Development of concepts for and provision of specific ecosystem services (such as soil protection, water, carbon storage, and biodiversity)</li> <li>• Concepts of plantation forestry</li> <li>• Strategies to transform even-aged pure into uneven-aged mixed forests</li> <li>• Development of continuous-cover forestry approaches and agroforests</li> <li>• Climate-smart forestry</li> <li>• Inclusion of silvicultural strategies into land use decisions (e.g. development of restoration concepts)</li> </ul>	
<b>Recommended related elective modules</b>	<b>Forest Management Strategies for ecosystem service provision II</b>	
<b>Competences</b>	<b>Technical competence (40%), Methodological competence (40%), Social competence (10%), Personal competence (10%)</b>	
<b>Literature</b>	<b>FAO (2016): State of the world's forests. FAO, Rome. <a href="http://www.fao.org/docrep/016/i3010e/i3010e00.htm">http://www.fao.org/docrep/016/i3010e/i3010e00.htm</a></b>	

## Module catalogue – Forestry System Transformation (M.Sc.)

*effective from winter term 2020/21*

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| <p>Fritz, P. (Hrsg.) 2006. Ökologischer Waldumbau in Deutschland. Fragen, Antworten, Perspektiven. Oekom-Verlag. 351 S.</p> <p>Günter, S., Weber, M., Stimm, B., Mosandl, R. (Eds) (2012): Silviculture in the tropics. Series Tropical Forestry, Vol. 8. Springer, Dordrecht. 560 p.</p> <p>Kammesheidt, L., Glauner, R., Schröder, J.M. &amp; Heuveldop, J. (2004): Haben Kiefernplantagen in den Tropen eine Zukunft? Holzzentralblatt 130. S. 476-478.</p> <p>Mason, B., Lof, M., Pach M., Spathelf, P. (2018): The Development of Silvicultural Guidelines for Creating Mixed Forests. In Bravo-Oviedo, A., Pretzsch, H. &amp; del Rio, M. (Eds.): Dynamics, Silviculture and Management of Mixed Forests. 255-270. book chapter, Springer.</p> <p>Spathelf, P. (2014): Tropical plantation forestry in transition – from uniform ‘timber fields’ to diverse production systems with added value. In Uibrig H &amp; Auch E (eds.): Festschrift for Prof. Dr. Jürgen Pretzsch. Institut für Internationale Forst- und Holzwirtschaft, Tharandt. 245-249.</p> <p>Spathelf, P., Stanturf, J., Kleine, M., Jandl, R., Chiatante, D., Bolte, A. (2018): Adaptive Measures: Integrating Adaptive Forest Management and Forest Landscape Restoration. Annals of Forest Science. Published online: May 7, 2018; <a href="https://doi.org/10.1007/s13595-018-0736-4">https://doi.org/10.1007/s13595-018-0736-4</a>.</p> <p>Pearce, D., Putz, F.E. &amp; Vanclay, J.K. (2003): Sustainable forestry in the tropics: panacea or folly? Forest Ecology and Management 172 / 2-3. S. 229-247.</p> <p>Röhrig, E., Bartsch, N. &amp; Von Lüpke, B. 2006. Waldbau auf ökologischer Grundlage. 7. Auflage. Verlag Eugen Ulmer Stuttgart. 479. S.</p> <p>Smith, D.M. 1962. The practice of silviculture. John Wiley &amp; Sons, New York. 578 p.</p> |
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## Module catalogue – Forestry System Transformation (M.Sc.)

*effective from winter term 2020/21*

<b>Module</b>	<b>Forest governance and Policy II</b>	<b>M.01.0408</b>		
<b>Semester</b>	<b>2</b>			
<b>Module coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann</b>	<b>Carsten.Mann@hnee.de</b>		
<b>Status</b>	<b>Mandatory</b>			
<b>Goal</b>	<b>Students become familiar with the conceptual foundations to analyse land-use conflicts, conflict types, conflict reasons and conflict resolutions. They will learn about the range of land-use conflict based on various conflict examples. Further, students develop a deeper understanding of social sciences methods for conflict analysis, are enabled to carry out conflict analysis, and develop suitable management recommendations.</b>			
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Project presentation (100%) (single exam)</b>			
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>6</b>			
<b>SWH</b>	<b>4</b>			
<b>Module component</b>	<b>Conflicts, Cases and Conflict Management</b>	<b>K.01.0513</b>		
<b>Coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann</b>			
<b>Lecturer</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann</b>			
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>3</b>			
<b>SWH</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>workload: 75h / semester</b>		
<b>Max. study places</b>	<b>25</b>			
<b>Teaching form</b>	<b>Lecture (12h), Seminar (12h), Project (16h), Self-study (35h)</b>	<b>Module type</b>		
<b>Language</b>	<b>English</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous	<input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blocked
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Project presentation (50%) (part of exam)</b>			
<b>Entry requirements</b>				
<b>Goal</b>	Students have a basic theoretical and practice-oriented understanding of conflicts in the realm of natural resource use and management for analysis and application. They are familiar with different types of (land-use) conflicts, conflict theory, and sets of conflict resolution strategies. They can analyse related conflict cases and derive suitable management solutions in a sound scientific and practice-oriented way.			
<b>Content</b>	<p>This module contains following thematic blocks, each one consisting of theoretical insights, practice examples and exercises:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Land-use transitions: Dynamic socio-ecological systems in relation to changing policy agendas and societal demands;</li> <li>- Conceptual orientation: Conflict types, patterns, reasons; conflict management strategies;</li> <li>- Exploration and debate of challenges and implications for sustainable natural resource use for dealing with heterogeneous stakeholders and land-use interests;</li> <li>- Exploration of (international) land-use conflict and management examples;</li> <li>- Group work and role game for developing own conflict solutions for sustainable resource uses and management.</li> </ul>			
<b>Recommended related elective modules</b>				

## Module catalogue – Forestry System Transformation (M.Sc.)

*effective from winter term 2020/21*

Competences	Technical competence (50%), Methodological competence (20%), Social competence (20%), Personal competence (10%)			
Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO) 2005. Negotiation and mediation techniques for natural resource management. ROME: FAO/UN [URL document] <a href="ftp://ftp.fao.org/docrep/fao/008/a0032e/a0032e00.pdf">ftp://ftp.fao.org/docrep/fao/008/a0032e/a0032e00.pdf</a>.</li> <li>• Foley, J.A., et al. (2005). Global consequences of land use. <i>Science</i> 309(5734): 570-574.</li> <li>• Henle, K., et al. (2008). Identifying and managing the conflicts between agriculture and biodiversity conservation in Europe – A review. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> 124: 60-71.</li> <li>• Hesselink, F. (2004). How to manage change? How to manage people? Skills and knowledge for effectiveness in communicating protected areas and biodiversity values. In: D. Hamú et al. (eds.), <i>Communicating Protected Areas</i>, IUCN, pp. 9-12.</li> <li>• Lockwood, M., et al. (2009). <i>Managing protected areas - A global guide</i>. London: Earthscan.</li> <li>• Torre, A., et al. (2014). Identifying and measuring land-use and proximity conflicts: methods and identification. <i>SpringerPlus</i> 3: 85.</li> <li>• USDA Forest Service (2001). <i>Defining, Managing, and Monitoring Wilderness Visitor Experiences</i>. General Technical Report RMRS-GTR-79. Rocky Mountain Research Station, Fort Collins, CO.</li> <li>• Von der Dunk, A., et al. (2011). Defining a typology of peri-urban land-use conflicts – A case study from Switzerland. <i>Landscape and Urban Planning</i> 101: 149-156.</li> </ul>			
Module component	Social Science Analysis of Conflict Cases	K.01.0514		
Coordinator	Prof. Dr. Heike Walk			
Lecturer	Prof. Dr. Heike Walk			
ECTS-Credits	3			
SWH	2	workload: 75h / semester		
Max. study places	25			
Teaching form	Lecture (10h), Seminar (15h), Project (15), self-study (35h)	Module type		
Language	English	continuous	partly blocked	x blocked
Examination form	Project presentation (50%) (part of exam)			
Entry requirements				
Goal	Students know about political institutions, actors and decision-making processes of climate policy. They are able to work on questions such as why do some interests groups have more influence in political processes than others? Students know about main empirical social science methods, types of data, and techniques for collecting social science data. They can decide for and apply different methods for different kinds of research questions (policy analysis, constellation analysis, network analysis). In addition, they can develop and discuss a variety of governance concepts.			
Content	<p>Students gain a comprehensive knowledge about different social science research methods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Selection of methods, types of data, and techniques for collecting social science data;</li> <li>- Learning about differences between research using qualitative and quantitative methods</li> <li>- Analyzing data sets, and correctly interpreting questionnaires, in-depth semi-structured interviews, focus groups, case studies</li> <li>- Formulating relevant and precise research questions and hypotheses</li> <li>- Selecting appropriate research strategies and methods fitting the research questions</li> </ul>			

## Module catalogue – Forestry System Transformation (M.Sc.)

*effective from winter term 2020/21*

	- Active Learning Exercises for Research Methods in Social Sciences	
Recommended related elective modules		
Competences	Technical competence (30%), Methodological competence (50%), Social competence (10%), Personal competence (10%)	
Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Babbie, E. (2010). <i>The Practice of Social Research</i>. Wadsworth Cengage Learning. International Edition.</li> <li>• Buckles, D. &amp; Rusnak, G. (1999). <i>Cultivating Peace: Conflict and Collaboration in Natural Resource Management</i>. Washington: World Bank Institute.</li> <li>• Griggs, S., et al. (2014). <i>Practices of freedom. Decentred governance, conflict and democratic participation</i>. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.</li> <li>• Kvale, S. (2007). <i>Doing interviews</i>. Los Angeles: SAGE Publications.</li> <li>• Krueger, R. A. (1994). <i>Focus groups: a practical guide for applied research</i>. Thousand Oaks, Cal.: Sage</li> </ul>	

## Module catalogue – Forestry System Transformation (M.Sc.)

effective from winter term 2020/21

<b>Module</b>	<b>Socio-technical system transformation</b>	<b>M.01.0409</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>2</b>	
<b>Module coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Heike Walk</b>	<b>Heike.Walk@hnee.de</b>
<b>Status</b>	<b>Mandatory</b>	
<b>Goal</b>	<b>Students are enabled to practically apply theories and concepts of transformation and gain a comprehensive understanding of-, and insights into, different innovation types as part of broader transformation strategies. They learn about actors, strategies and governance of transformation processes. As such, students gain a wide spectrum of conceptual and practice knowledge ranging from socio-technical system transformation up to cooperative forms of organisation.</b>	
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Oral report (100%) (single exam)</b>	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>6</b>	
<b>SWH</b>	<b>4</b>	
<b>Module component</b>	<b>Transformation governance</b>	<b>K.01.0515</b>
<b>Coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Heike Walk</b>	
<b>Lecturer</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Heike Walk, Prof. Dr. Benjamin Nölting</b>	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>3</b>	
<b>SWH</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>workload: 75h / semester</b>
<b>Max. study places</b>	<b>25</b>	
<b>Teaching form</b>	<b>Lecture (10h), Seminar (15h), Project (15), self-study (35h)</b>	<b>Module type</b>
<b>Language</b>	<b>English</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous <input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blocked
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Oral report (50%) (part of exam)</b>	
<b>Entry requirements</b>		
<b>Goal</b>	<p>Students become acquainted with theories and concepts of transformation. They learn about actors, strategies and governance of transformation processes. Of special interest are civil society organizations and social movements. Students learn what a social movement is and about their part in transforming societies and stimulating rapid periods of cultural evolution. Students are enabled to reflect upon the role of civic, private and public sector institutions in transformation processes towards sustainable development.</p>	
<b>Content</b>	<p>Students learn about different concepts and models of transformation and apply them to case studies of UNESCO Biosphere Reserves:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A social contract for sustainability</li> <li>• Transformation theories and approaches</li> <li>• Multi-level perspective</li> <li>• Transition management</li> <li>• Coping with dilemmas of resource-oriented management</li> </ul> <p>Students learn about the role of social movements and about their part in transforming societies and stimulating rapid periods of cultural evolution.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reflection about civic, private and public sector institutions</li> <li>• Examples of social movements</li> <li>• Main characteristics</li> <li>• Cooperatives and civil society organizations</li> </ul>	

## Module catalogue – Forestry System Transformation (M.Sc.)

effective from winter term 2020/21

Recommended related elective modules	Transformation and Innovation I + II
Competences	Technical competence (30%), Methodological competence (20%), Social competence (30%), Personal competence (20%)
Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Beck, G. and Kropp, C. 2012. Die Gesellschaft wird innovativ – und die Wissenschaft von ihr? Zur Einleitung. In Gesellschaft innovativ. Wer sind die Akteure?, eds. G. Beck and C. Kropp, pp. 11-28, Wiesbaden, VS Verlag.</li> <li>• Borrás, S. and J. Edler. 2012. "The Governance of Change in Sociotechnical and Innovation Systems: Some Pillars for Theory-Building." Pp. 1–2 in Governance of Innovation and Socio-Technical Systems in Europe: New Trends, New Challenges conference.</li> <li>• Brand, Ulrich (2016). "Transformation" as a New Critical Orthodoxy. The Strategic Use of the Term "Transformation" Does Not Prevent Multiple Crises. In: GAIA 25/1(2016): 23–27</li> <li>• Braun-Thürmann, H. 2005. Innovation, Bielefeld: transcript.</li> <li>• Della Porta, Donatella (ed.). 2014. Methodological practices in social movement research. Oxford: Oxford University Press</li> <li>• Edquist, C. (ed.) 1997. Systems of Innovation - Technologies, Institutions and Organizations. London, Washington: Pinter Publishers/Cassell Academic.</li> <li>• Fagerberg, J. and Verspagen, B. 2009. Innovation studies - the emerging structure of a new scientific field. Research Policy 38, pp. 218-233</li> <li>• Geels, F.W. 2002. Technological transitions as evolutionary reconfiguration processes - A multi-level perspective and a case-study. Research Policy 31, pp. 1257-1274.</li> <li>• Geels, F.W. 2004. From sectoral systems of innovation to socio-technical systems. Insights about dynamics and change from sociology and institutional theory . Research Policy 33 (6-7), pp. 897-920.</li> <li>• Geels, Frank W. (2011). The multi-level perspective on sustainability transitions: Responses to seven criticisms. In: Environmental Innovation and Societal Transitions 1 (2011), p. 24-40.</li> <li>• Grin, John; Rotmans, Jan; Schot, Johan (2010). Transitions to Sustainable Development. New Direction in the Study of Long Term Transformative Change. New York, London: Routledge.</li> <li>• Kemp, R., Rip, A., Schot, J.P. 2001. Constructing Transition Paths Through the Management of Niches. In Path Dependence and Creation, eds. R. Garud, P. Karnøe, pp. 269-299, Mahwah, NJ/ London: Lawrence Erlbaum.</li> <li>• Loorbach, Derk (2007). Transition Management. New mode of governance for sustainable development. Utrecht: International Books.</li> <li>• Loorbach, Deerk (2010). Transition management for sustainable development: A prescriptive, complexity-based governance framework. In: Governance 23(1): 161-183.</li> <li>• Müller-Christ, Georg (2011). Sustainable Management. Coping with the dilemmas of resource-oriented management. Heidelberg etc.: Springer.</li> <li>• Partzsch, Lena (2015). Kein Wandel ohne Macht – Nachhaltigkeitsforschung braucht ein mehrdimensionales Machtverständnis. In: GAIA 24/1(2015): 48 – 56</li> <li>• Rammert, W. (2007). Technik – Handeln – Wissen. Zu einer pragmatischen Technik- und Sozialtheorie. Wiesbaden: Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften, pp. 47-64.</li> <li>• Rotmans, J., Kemp, R., Asselt, M.V. 2001. More evolution than revolution: Transition management in public policy. Foresight 3 (01), pp. 15-31.</li> <li>• Schneidewind, Uwe; Augenstein, Karoline (2016). Three Schools of Transformation Thinking. In: GAIA 25 (2/2016), S. 88-93.</li> <li>• Van de Ven, A.H., Polley, D.E., Garud, R., Venkataraman, S. (1999). The innovation journey. Oxford: Oxford University Press.</li> <li>• Voß, Jan Peter; Newig, Jens; Kastens, Britta; Monstadt, Jochen; Nölting, Benjamin (2007): Steering For Sustainable Development: A Typology Of Problems And Strategies With Respect To Ambivalence, Uncertainty And Distributed Power.</li> </ul>

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effective from winter term 2020/21

	<p>Journal Of Environmental Policy &amp; Planning, 2007 (Volume 9, Issue 3 &amp; 4), S. 193–212.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• WBGU (German Advisory Council on Global Change) (2011). World in Transition – A social contract for sustainability. Flagship Report. Berlin: WBGU Secretariat.</li> </ul>			
Module component	Innovation types, patterns and processes	K.01.0516		
Coordinator	Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann			
Lecturer	Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann			
ECTS-Credits	3			
SWH	2	workload: 75h / semester		
Max. study places	25			
Teaching form	Lecture (12h), Seminar (12h), project (16h), Self-study (35h)	Module type		
Language	English	continuous	partly blocked	x blocked
Examination form	Oral report (50%) (part of exam)			
Entry requirements	Technical competence (50%), Methodological competence (50%)			
Goal	Students gain a comprehensive understanding of-, and insights into, different innovation types as part of broader transformation strategies. Guided by a socio-ecological-technical system-based innovation understanding, they are able to differentiate between technology innovations, social innovations, governance and policy innovations as well as innovative forms of organisations related to natural resources provision and use. As such students gain a wide spectrum of conceptual and practice knowledge ranging from technical-production processes such as for bioenergy up to cooperative forms of organisation.			
Content	<p>Central themes/topics of this module component are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Introduction to concepts and criteria of innovation systems and patterns of change;</li> <li>- Introduction to concepts of different innovation types, -patterns and innovation journeys;</li> <li>- Insights into different approaches for innovation testing, assessment, management, and transfer;</li> <li>- Elaboration of ideas of responsible innovation;</li> <li>- Presentations and experience of examples of innovation types and assessment methods.</li> </ul>			
Recommended related elective modules	Transformation and Innovation I + II			
Competences	Technical competence (40%), Methodological competence (20%), Social competence (20%), Personal competence (20%)			
Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Borrás, S. and J. Edler. 2012. "The Governance of Change in Sociotechnical and Innovation Systems: Some Pillars for Theory-Building." Pp. 1–2 in Governance of Innovation and Socio-Technical Systems in Europe: New Trends, New Challenges conference.</li> <li>• Braun-Thürmann, H. 2005. Innovation, Bielefeld: transcript.</li> <li>• Edquist, C. (ed.) 1997. Systems of Innovation - Technologies, Institutions and Organizations. London, Washington: Pinter Publishers/Cassell Academic.</li> <li>• Fagerberg, J. and Verspagen, B. 2009. Innovation studies - the emerging structure of a new scientific field. Research Policy 38, pp. 218-233</li> <li>• Geels, F.W. 2002. Technological transitions as evolutionary reconfiguration processes - A multi-level perspective and a case-study. Research Policy 31, pp. 1257-1274.</li> </ul>			

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*effective from winter term 2020/21*

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|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Geels, F.W. 2004. From sectoral systems of innovation to socio-technical systems. Insights about dynamics and change from sociology and institutional theory. <i>Research Policy</i> 33 (6-7), pp. 897-920.</li><li>• Geels, Frank W. (2011). The multi-level perspective on sustainability transitions: Responses to seven criticisms. In: <i>Environmental Innovation and Societal Transitions</i> 1 (2011), p. 24-40.</li><li>• Van de Ven, A.H., Polley, D.E., Garud, R., Venkataraman, S. (1999). <i>The innovation journey</i>. Oxford: Oxford University Press.</li></ul> |
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## Module catalogue – Forestry System Transformation (M.Sc.)

effective from winter term 2020/21

<b>Module</b>	<b>Forest Management Strategies for ecosystem service provision II</b>	<b>M.01.0410</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>2</b>	
<b>Module coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Jens Schröder</b>	<b>Jens.Schroeder@hnee.de</b>
<b>Status</b>	<b>Elective</b>	
<b>Goal</b>	<b>Students gain a comprehensive understanding of the fundamentals and the relevance for society of water and nutrient sustainability in forest ecosystems, leading to applicable knowledge on the opportunities of forest management to actively support the delivery of various ecosystem services.</b>	
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Project Presentation (100%) (single exam)</b>	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>6</b>	
<b>SWH</b>	<b>4</b>	
<b>Module component</b>	<b>Water management</b>	<b>K.01.0517</b>
<b>Coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Jens Schröder</b>	
<b>Lecturer</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Jens Schröder et al.</b>	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>3</b>	
<b>SWH</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>workload: 75h / semester</b>
<b>Max. study places</b>	<b>25</b>	
<b>Teaching form</b>	<b>Lecture (15h), Seminar (10h), Project (15h), Self-study (35h)</b>	<b>Module type</b>
<b>Language</b>	<b>English</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous <input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blocked
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Project Presentation (50%) (part of exam)</b>	
<b>Entry requirements</b>		
<b>Goal</b>	<p>Students are able to explore the close interrelations between forests and water. They can build on insights from forest site classification systems as well as forestry-related hydrological-meteorological findings, and understand the relevancy of forest management for water regulation in the light of global change problems. They can examine and debate the particular role of forests and its water regulation and adaptation abilities, its influence on water and heat systems, buffer functions and risks. The fundamental importance of water availability for ecosystem services will be highlighted together with management options for forests supporting their adaptive capacity. Students can recognise various context conditions, institutional frameworks and social demands for the use of water resources and elaborate sustainable water management strategies.</p>	
<b>Content</b>	<p>The module will cover the two sub-topics in a closely connected approach. The scientific basis will be revisited and expanded, and the opportunities and challenges for forest management in a wider context of societal needs under different conditions will be explored Main focal points comprise</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Differences between managed forests and natural forests in terms of water and nutrient cycles</li> <li>• Relevance of forest management for water regulation in the light of local to global change problems</li> <li>• Water and nutrients as key elements in maintaining sustainability of forest land use and of provision of other services</li> <li>• Reflection of forest and other land-use history as constraints of future strategies</li> <li>• Context conditions and the role of social and political frameworks</li> <li>• Opportunities of decision support via models and scenario studies</li> </ul>	

## Module catalogue – Forestry System Transformation (M.Sc.)

*effective from winter term 2020/21*

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adaptation and resilience as central concepts of forest management for water and nutrients sustainability</li> </ul>	
Recommended related elective modules		
Competences	Technical competence (40%), Methodological competence (40%), Social competence (10%), Personal competence (10%)	
Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Buckles, D. &amp; Rusnak, G. (1999). <i>Cultivating Peace: Conflict and Collaboration in Natural Resource Management</i>. Washington: World Bank Institute.</li> <li>Fujimori, T. (2001). <i>Ecological and Silvicultural Strategies for Sustainable Forest Management</i>. Elsevier, Amsterdam, New York, Tokyo.</li> <li>Kimmins, J. P. (2003). <i>Forest Ecology</i>. Third Edition; Prentice Hall, Oxford</li> <li>Pretzsch, H. (2009). <i>Forest dynamics, growth and yield: From measurement to model</i>. Springer Verlag, Berlin.</li> <li>vanDijk, A. I.; Keenan, R. J.(eds.) (2007). <i>Planted Forests and Water</i>. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> 251 (Special Issue), 128 pp.</li> </ul>	
Module component	Nutrient Management	K.01.0518
Coordinator	Prof. Dr. Jens Schröder	
Lecturer	Prof. Dr. Jens Schröder et al.	
ECTS-Credits	3	
SWH	2	workload: 75h / semester
Max. study places	25	
Teaching form	Lecture (15h), Seminar (10h), Project (15h), Self-study (35h)	Module type
Language	English	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous <input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blocked
Examination form	Project Presentation (50%) (part of exam)	
Entry requirements		
Goal	Students get to know relevant nutrient cycles, their importance for functioning forest ecosystems stability, robustness and resilience, and possibilities of influencing them as part of forest and water management strategies.	
Content	<p>The module will cover the two sub-topics in a closely connected approach. The scientific basis will be revisited and expanded, and the opportunities and challenges for forest management in a wider context of societal needs under different conditions will be explored Main focal points comprise</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Differences between managed forests and natural forests in terms of water and nutrient cycles</li> <li>Relevance of forest management for water regulation in the light of local to global change problems</li> <li>Water and nutrients as key elements in maintaining sustainability of forest land use and of provision of other services</li> <li>Reflection of forest and other land-use history as constraints of future strategies Context conditions and the role of social and political frameworks</li> <li>Opportunities of decision support via models and scenario studies</li> <li>Adaptation and resilience as central concepts of forest management for water and nutrients sustainability</li> </ul>	
Recommended related elective modules		
Competences	Technical competence (50%), Methodological competence (20%), Social competence (10%), Personal competence (20%)	

## Module catalogue – Forestry System Transformation (M.Sc.)

*effective from winter term 2020/21*

Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Bolte, A. et al. (2009). Adaptive forest management in central Europe: Climate change impacts, strategies and integrative concept. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Forest Research</i> 24 (6): 473-482, doi: 10.1080/02827580903418224</li><li>• Lamprecht, H. (1989). <i>Silviculture in the Tropics</i>. Paul Parey, Hamburg &amp; Berlin.</li><li>• Kimmins, J. P. (2003). <i>Forest Ecology</i>. Third Edition; Prentice Hall, Oxford</li><li>• Role of tree size in moist tropical forest carbon cycling and water deficit responses. <i>New Phytologist</i>, doi: 10.1111/nph.14633.</li></ul>
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## Module catalogue – Forestry System Transformation (M.Sc.)

*effective from winter term 2020/21*

<b>Module</b>	<b>Transformation and Innovation II</b>	<b>M.01.0411</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>2</b>	
<b>Module coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Alexander Pfriem</b>	<b>Alexander.Pfriem@hnee.de</b>
<b>Status</b>	<b>Elective</b>	
<b>Goal</b>	<p>Students gain a solid understanding of the complexity of wood and the wood processing industry - as an optimization problem where maximal value yields are sought from a limited amount of the basic commodity, wood, which is sorted according to its characteristics in order to meet the demands posed on the final product in terms of both esthetic and technical properties. The students acquire special knowledge in material technology in order to understand complex and innovative materials manufactured according to the prior art, and products based on wood and other materials.</p>	
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Oral report (100%)</b>	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>6</b>	
<b>SWH</b>	<b>4</b>	
<b>Module component</b>	<b>New Products, processes and strategies</b>	<b>K.01.0519</b>
<b>Coordinator</b>	Prof. Dr. Alexander Pfriem	
<b>Lecturer</b>	Prof. Dr. Alexander Pfriem et al.	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	6	
<b>SWH</b>	4	workload: 150h / semester
<b>Max. study places</b>	25	
<b>Teaching form</b>	Lecture (30h), Seminar (20h), Practical exercise (20h), Self-study (80h)	Module type
<b>Language</b>	English	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous <input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blocked
<b>Examination form</b>	Oral report (100%)	
<b>Entry requirements</b>		
<b>Goal</b>	<p>Students gain a solid understanding of the complexity of wood and the wood processing industry - as an optimization problem where maximal value yields are sought from a limited amount of the basic commodity, wood, which is sorted according to its characteristics in order to meet the demands posed on the final product in terms of both esthetic and technical properties. The students acquire special knowledge in material technology in order to understand complex and innovative materials manufactured according to the prior art, and products based on wood and other materials.</p>	
<b>Content</b>	<p>The module deals with practical aspects of the special material technology of material composites of wood, wood components and other materials, using current issues by way of example. It describes conditions for an effective production chain, focusing on treatment, new products, material combination and property control. The five sections of the course are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Wood Treatments and Modifications</li> <li>- Material Composites and High Performance Materials and Cardboard</li> <li>- New Products with Wood</li> <li>- Reuse and Recycling</li> <li>- Determination of Characteristics of Materials</li> </ul>	
<b>Recommended related elective modules</b>		
<b>Competences</b>	Expertise (70%), Methodological competence (20%), Social Competence (10%)	
<b>Literature</b>	<i>Literature will be announced at the beginning of the course.</i>	

## Module catalogue – Forestry System Transformation (M.Sc.)

effective from winter term 2020/21

<b>Module</b>	<b>Transformation Pioneers</b>	<b>M.01.0412</b>		
<b>Semester</b>	<b>3</b>			
<b>Module coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann</b>	<b>Carsten.Mann@hnee.de</b>		
<b>Status</b>	<b>Mandatory</b>			
<b>Goal</b>	<b>This module enables students to plan and successfully carry out their own transformation project. It introduces the conceptual foundation, necessary management tools as well as the communication and dissemination strategies to students providing them with a set of means for successfully carrying out and communicating their project in the 3<sup>rd</sup> FST semester.</b>			
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Project report (100%) (single exam)</b>			
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>6</b>			
<b>SWH</b>	<b>4</b>			
<b>Module component</b>	<b>Project design and management</b>	<b>K.01.0520</b>		
<b>Coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Heike Walk</b>			
<b>Lecturer</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Heike Walk</b>			
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>3</b>			
<b>SWH</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>workload: 75h / semester</b>		
<b>Max. study places</b>	<b>25</b>			
<b>Teaching form</b>	<b>Seminar (15h), project (15h), Self-study (45h)</b>	<b>Module type</b>		
<b>Language</b>	<b>English</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous	<input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blocked
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Project report (50%) (part of exam)</b>			
<b>Entry requirements</b>				
<b>Goal</b>	<b>The module component helps students to plan their own transformation project of moderate size related to the study program's content. It takes them step by step from the first idea to a detailed project concept. Students acquire further skills in interdisciplinary scientific work and self-management.</b>			
<b>Content</b>	<p>The module component deals with all relevant aspects of planning a project: defining aims and target groups; developing the strategy; planning the implementation of the project in terms of tasks, costs, team and time; and developing a fundraising strategy.</p> <p>We will reflect on the things we are concerned about with regards to the way our society is organized. We will gather these topics and talk about the obvious key aspects of an unsustainable growth.</p> <p>We look at the role of social movements in modern societies and assess why they are important for certain phases. Based on this, we plan our own transformation project.</p>			
<b>Recommended related elective modules</b>				
<b>Competences</b>	<b>Technical competence (30%), Methodological competence (50%), Social competence (20%), Personal competence (30%)</b>			
<b>Literature</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• German Advisory Council on Global Change (WBGU), 2011: World in Transition - A Social Contract for Sustainability</li> <li>• German Advisory Council on Global Change (WBGU), 2014: Climate Protection as a World Citizen Movement, Berlin</li> <li>• Hamann, A., Zea-Schmidt, C., Leinfelder, R. (eds.) 2014: The Great Transformation. Climate - Can We Beat the Heat? Berlin</li> </ul>			

## Module catalogue – Forestry System Transformation (M.Sc.)

effective from winter term 2020/21

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mc Call, B./ von den Dool, J. , 2013: Hosting Transformation" - Pioneers of Change, Melk, Donau, Austria</li> </ul>		
Module component	Communication and marketing	K.01.0521	
Coordinator	Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann		
Lecturer	Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann		
ECTS-Credits	3		
SWH	2	workload: 75h / semester	
Max. study places	25		
Teaching form	Seminar (20h), project (20h), Self-study (35h)	Module type	
Language	English	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous	<input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blocked
Examination form	Project report (50%) (part of exam)		
Entry requirements			
Goal	Students get to know strategies for scientific communication, moderation and marketing. They are able to communicate results to expert and lay audience and get to know a range of dissemination strategies and media.		
Content	<p>The module component deals with:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Objectives and fundamentals for science Communication and Public Engagement</li> <li>- Identifying the target audience</li> <li>- Social media channels for science communication and dissemination and debate</li> <li>- Challenges in science communication</li> <li>- An orientation for successful science communication</li> <li>- Students will present their project in a five-minute slot. Each presentation is followed by group discussion analysing the effective and ineffective points.</li> </ul>		
Recommended related elective modules			
Competences	Technical competence (30%), Methodological competence (50%), media competences (20) Social		
Literature	<i>Literature will be announced at the beginning of the course.</i>		

## Module catalogue – Forestry System Transformation (M.Sc.)

*effective from winter term 2020/21*

<b>Module</b>	<b>Research project</b>	<b>M.01.0413</b>		
<b>Semester</b>	<b>3</b>			
<b>Module coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann</b>	<b>Carsten.Mann@hnee.de</b>		
<b>Status</b>	<b>Mandatory</b>			
<b>Goal</b>	<b>The students accomplish a research project of moderate size related to the study programme's content. With the selected thematic orientation of the project, students can fulfill, in addition to the two complementary elective modules, their study orientation.</b>			
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Project report (100%) : Exam not graded (evaluated as "passed" / "not passed")</b>			
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>24</b>			
<b>SWH</b>	<b>20</b>			
<b>Module component</b>	<b>Research project</b>	<b>K.01.0522</b>		
<b>Coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann</b>			
<b>Lecturer</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann, Prof. Dr. Tobias Cremer et al.</b>			
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>24</b>			
<b>SWH</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>workload: 600h / semester</b>		
<b>Max. study places</b>	<b>25</b>			
<b>Teaching form</b>	<b>Project (300h), self-study (300h)</b>	<b>Module type</b>		
<b>Language</b>	<b>English</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous	<input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blocked
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Project report (100%)</b>			
<b>Entry requirements</b>				
<b>Goal</b>	The students accomplish a research project of moderate size related to the study programme's content. With the selected thematic orientation of the project, students can full fill, in addition to the two complementary elective modules, their study orientation.			
<b>Content</b>	The students accomplish a research project of moderate size related to the study programme's content. With the selected thematic orientation of the project, students can full fill, in addition to the two complementary elective modules, their study orientation.			
<b>Recommended related elective modules</b>				
<b>Competences</b>	Technical competence (25%), Methodological competence (25%), Social competence (20%), Personal competence (30%)			
<b>Literature</b>				

## Module catalogue – Forestry System Transformation (M.Sc.)

*effective from winter term 2020/21*

<b>Module</b>	<b>Master thesis colloquium</b>	<b>M.01.0414</b>
<b>Semester</b>	<b>4</b>	
<b>Module coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann</b>	<b>Carsten.Mann@hnee.de</b>
<b>Status</b>	<b>Mandatory</b>	
<b>Goal</b>	<b>Students learn and improve their abilities to discuss and present their Master thesis topics, their thesis design, their conceptual orientation, the expected results and challenges in small groups and in plenum for generating thematic, methodological and didactic feedback.</b>	
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Project presentation (100%)</b>	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>4</b>	
<b>SWH</b>	<b>2</b>	
<b>Module component</b>	<b>Master thesis colloquium</b>	<b>K.01.0523</b>
<b>Coordinator</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann</b>	
<b>Lecturer</b>	<b>Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann et al.</b>	
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	<b>4</b>	
<b>SWH</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>workload: 100h / semester</b>
<b>Max. study places</b>	<b>25</b>	
<b>Teaching form</b>	<b>Seminar (30h), Self-study (70h)</b>	<b>Module type</b>
<b>Language</b>	<b>English</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> continuous <input type="checkbox"/> partly blocked <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blocked
<b>Examination form</b>	<b>Project presentation (100%)</b>	
<b>Entry requirements</b>		
<b>Goal</b>	Students have to discuss and present their Master thesis topics, thesis design, conceptual orientation and expected results and challenges (in small groups and in plenum).	
<b>Content</b>	Students have to discuss and present their Master thesis topics, thesis design, conceptual orientation and expected results and challenges (in small groups and in plenum).	
<b>Recommended related elective modules</b>		
<b>Competences</b>	Technical competence (20%), Methodological competence (40%), Social competence (10%), Personal competence (30%)	
<b>Literature</b>		

## Module catalogue – Forestry System Transformation (M.Sc.)

*effective from winter term 2020/21*

Module	Master thesis & defence	M.01.0400				
<b>Semester</b>	4					
<b>Module coordinator</b>	Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann	Carsten.Mann@hnee.de				
<b>Status</b>	Mandatory					
<b>Goal</b>	Students obtain own research results while solving and discussing a scientific problem. Students present the research results of their master thesis and are able to defend its underlying assumptions, methodologies, and robustness of the key findings.					
<b>Examination form</b>	Project report (70%), Project presentation (30%)					
<b>ECTS-Credits</b>	26					
<b>SWH</b>	20					
<b>Module component</b>	Master thesis & defence					
Coordinator	Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann					
Lecturer	Prof. Dr. Carsten Mann et. al					
ECTS-Credits	26					
SWH	20	workload: 600h / semester				
Max. study places	25					
Teaching form	Project (300h), self-study (300h)	Module type				
Language	English/German (tbd)	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">continuous</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">partly blocked</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">x</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">blocked</td> </tr> </table>	continuous	partly blocked	x	blocked
continuous	partly blocked	x	blocked			
Examination form	Project report (70%), Project presentation (30%)					
Entry requirements						
Goal	Students obtain own research results while solving and discussing a scientific problem. Students present the research results of their master thesis and are able to defend its underlying assumptions, methodologies, and robustness of the key findings.					
Content	Students obtain own research results while solving and discussing a scientific problem. Students present the research results of their master thesis and are able to defend its underlying assumptions, methodologies, and robustness of the key findings.					
Recommended related elective modules						
Competences	Technical competence (30%), Methodological competence (30%), Social competence (10%), Personal competence (30%)					
Literature						